

Dichlorido(η^4 -cycloocta-1,5-diene)bis-(triphenylphosphine)osmium(II)

Chen Ye and Ting Bin Wen*

 Department of Chemistry, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, Fujian, People's Republic of China
 Correspondence e-mail: chwbt@xmu.edu.cn

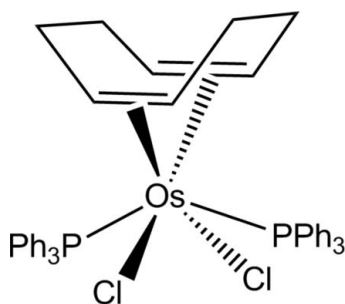
Received 14 September 2009; accepted 18 September 2009

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.008$ Å; R factor = 0.022; wR factor = 0.044; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

The Os^{II} atom in the title compound, $[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12})-(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{P})_2]$, is located on a crystallographic twofold axis and adopts a distorted octahedral coordination geometry. The two triphenylphosphine ligands are *trans* to each other, while the two chlorine ligands are *cis*-disposed. The coordination is completed by the cyclooctadiene (COD) ligand with bonding to the two olefin double bonds. The C=C bond has a length of 1.403 (6) Å, which is significantly longer than a free olefinic double bond (≈ 1.34 Å).

Related literature

For general background to Ru^{II} and Os^{II} COD complexes, see: Bennett & Wilkinson (1959); Albers *et al.* (1989); Cucullu *et al.* (1999); Coalter & Caulton (2001); Alvarez *et al.* (2001); Winkhaus *et al.* (1966); Schrock *et al.* (1974); Dickinson & Girolami (2006). For C=C bond lengths for free olefinic double bonds, see: Orpen *et al.* (1989). For related COD-coordinated Os^{II} complexes, see: Esteruelas *et al.* (2006); Dickinson & Girolami (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12})(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{P})_2]$
 $M_r = 893.82$

 Orthorhombic, $Fdd2$
 $a = 39.6505$ (15) Å

 $b = 10.4393$ (5) Å

 $c = 17.6248$ (8) Å

 $V = 7295.3$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 8$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 3.76$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K

 $0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini S Ultra diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

 (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford

Diffraction, 2008)

 $T_{\min} = 0.860$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

6965 measured reflections

2778 independent reflections

 2546 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.044$
 $S = 1.00$

2778 reflections

222 parameters

1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.39$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.74$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

937 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.009 (6)

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Os1—C2	2.169 (5)	Os1—Cl1	2.4429 (12)
Os1—Cl1	2.195 (5)	Os1—P1	2.5031 (12)

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2008); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2008); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors acknowledge financial support from the Young Talent Project of Fujian Provincial Department of Science & Technology (grant No. 2007 F3095).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2258).

References

- Albers, M. O., Singleton, E. & Yates, J. E. (1989). *Inorg. Synth.* **26**, 249–258.
- Alvarez, P., Gimeno, J., Lastra, E., Garcia-Granda, S., van der Maelen, J. F. & Bassetti, M. (2001). *Organometallics*, **20**, 3762–3771.
- Bennett, M. A. & Wilkinson, G. (1959). *Chem. Ind. (London)*, p. 1516.
- Cualter, M. E. & Caulton, K. G. (2001). *New J. Chem.* **25**, 679–684.
- Cucullu, M. E., Nolan, S. P., Belderrain, T. R. & Grubbs, R. H. (1999). *Organometallics*, **16**, 3867–3869.
- Dickinson, P. W. & Girolami, G. S. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 5215–5224.
- Esteruelas, M. A., García-Yebra, C., Oliván, M. & Oñate, E. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 10162–10171.
- Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.
- Orpen, A. G., Brammer, L., Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G. & Taylor, R. (1989). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. S1–83.
- Oxford Diffraction (2008). *CrysAlis CCD* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, England.
- Schrock, R. R., Johnson, B. F. G. & Lewis, J. (1974). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 951–959.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Winkhaus, G., Singer, H. & Kricke, M. (1966). *Z. Naturforsch. Teil B*, **21**, 1109–1110.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m1242 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809037817]

Dichlorido(η^4 -cycloocta-1,5-diene)bis(triphenylphosphine)osmium(II)

C. Ye and T. B. Wen

Comment

The ruthenium polymer $[\text{RuCl}_2(\text{COD})]_x$ (COD = cycloocta-1,5-diene), which can be readily prepared in 30–40% yield from $\text{RuCl}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and COD in boiling ethanol (Bennett & Wilkinson, 1959; Albers *et al.*, 1989), has proved to be a useful precursor for a wide variety of ruthenium compounds (Cucullu *et al.*, 1999; Coalter & Caulton, 2001; Alvarez *et al.*, 2001). Although the analogous osmium polymer $[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{COD})]_x$ is also known, its utility as a starting material has remained relatively unexplored partially due to the difficulty in its preparation (Winkhaus *et al.*, 1966; Schrock *et al.*, 1974; Dickinson & Girolami, 2006). In our search for other potential precursors for the synthesis of osmium compounds, we have prepared $[\text{OsCl}_2(\eta^4\text{-COD})(\text{PPh}_3)_2]$ readily from the reaction of $\text{OsCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_3$ with COD.

The title compound crystallizes in the non-centrosymmetric orthorhombic space group *Fdd2*. As shown in Fig.1, the structure possesses a crystallographic 2-fold axis passing through the osmium atom, thus the asymmetric unit contains half of a molecule. The Os^{II} centre adopts a distorted octahedral geometry with the two triphenylphosphine ligands *trans* to each other ($\text{P}(1)\text{—Os}(1)\text{—P}(1\text{ A})$ 148.31 (6)°), while the two chlorine ligands are *cis*-disposed ($\text{Cl}(1)\text{—Os}(1)\text{—Cl}(1\text{ A})$ 103.69 (6)°) (symmetry code: $-x + 1/2, -y + 1/2, z$). The coordination is completed by the two olefin double bonds of the cyclooctadiene ligand. The $\text{Os}(1)\text{—C}(1)$ and $\text{Os}(1)\text{—C}(2)$ bond lengths (2.195 (5) and 2.168 (5) Å, respectively) are similar to the related Os—C bond lengths reported for other COD coordinated Os^{II} complexes such as $[\text{H}(\text{EtOH})_2\{\text{OsCl}(\eta^4\text{-COD})\}_2(\mu\text{-H})(\mu\text{-Cl})_2]$ (2.129–2.152 Å) (Esteruelas *et al.*, 2006) and $\text{TpOs}(\eta^4\text{-COD})\text{OMe}$ (Tp = trispyrazolylborate) (2.141–2.198 Å) (Dickinson & Girolami, 2006). The $\text{C}(1)\text{—C}(2)$ (1.403 (6) Å) bond length is significantly longer than a free olefinic double bond (≈ 1.34 Å) (Orpen *et al.*, 1989) and is typical for a coordinated C=C double bond, which is also close to the C=C bond lengths found in $[\text{H}(\text{EtOH})_2\{\text{OsCl}(\eta^4\text{-COD})\}_2(\mu\text{-H})(\mu\text{-Cl})_2]$ (1.393–1.422 Å) and $\text{TpOs}(\eta^4\text{-COD})\text{OMe}$ (1.396 (5) and 1.399 (5) Å).

Experimental

To a solution of $\text{OsCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_3$ (0.52 g, 0.50 mmol) in toluene (10 ml) under nitrogen atmosphere was added cycloocta-1,5-diene (0.20 ml, 2.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 h to give the title compound as large amount of a yellow precipitate. The solid was collected by filtration, washed with toluene (2×5 ml) and diethyl ether (3×5 ml), and dried under vacuum. Yield: 0.38 g, 85%. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by layering a solution of the title compound with a solution of chloroform and hexane.

Refinement

All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically ($\text{C—H} = 0.95, 1.00$ or 0.99 Å for phenyl, tertiary or methylene H atoms, respectively) and were included in the refinement in the riding

supplementary materials

model approximation. The displacement parameters of H atoms were set to $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. In the final Fourier map the highest peak is 0.99 \AA from atom Os1 and the deepest hole is 1.86 \AA from atom C15.

Figures

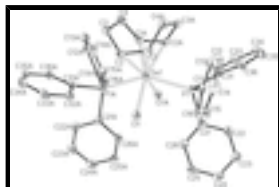


Fig. 1. The structure of $[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12})(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{P})_2]$ showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids. H atoms have been omitted for clarity. Atoms with symmetry code letter A are related by $-x + 1/2, -y + 1/2, z$.

Dichlorido(η^4 -cycloocta-1,5-diene)bis(triphenylphosphine)osmium(II)

Crystal data

$[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12})(\text{PC}_{18}\text{H}_{15})_2]$

$M_r = 893.82$

Orthorhombic, $Fdd2$

Hall symbol: $F\ 2\ -2d$

$a = 39.6505 (15) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.4393 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 17.6248 (8) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 7295.3 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F_{000} = 3568$

$D_x = 1.628 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 5605 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}32.5^\circ$

$\mu = 3.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 173 \text{ K}$

Block, light yellow

$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini S Ultra diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source

Monochromator: graphite

Detector resolution: $16.1930 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

$T = 173 \text{ K}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2008)

$T_{\text{min}} = 0.860, T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$

6965 measured reflections

2778 independent reflections

2546 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$

$h = -48 \rightarrow 48$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -21 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0184P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$wR(F^2) = 0.044$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2778 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.74 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
222 parameters	Extinction correction: none
1 restraint	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 937 Friedel pairs
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Flack parameter: 0.009 (6)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Os1	0.2500	0.2500	0.134570 (16)	0.01584 (6)
C11	0.27183 (3)	0.08574 (11)	0.22020 (7)	0.0225 (3)
P1	0.19622 (3)	0.14284 (12)	0.17335 (8)	0.0183 (3)
C1	0.25093 (11)	0.1050 (4)	0.0444 (3)	0.0232 (10)
H1A	0.2499	0.0145	0.0629	0.028*
C2	0.28281 (11)	0.1625 (5)	0.0509 (3)	0.0203 (10)
H2A	0.3005	0.1053	0.0728	0.024*
C3	0.29572 (11)	0.2541 (5)	-0.0092 (3)	0.0243 (10)
H3A	0.2991	0.2067	-0.0572	0.029*
H3B	0.3179	0.2882	0.0069	0.029*
C4	0.27153 (12)	0.3668 (5)	-0.0234 (3)	0.0279 (12)
H4A	0.2849	0.4442	-0.0357	0.033*
H4B	0.2572	0.3468	-0.0678	0.033*
C11	0.19375 (10)	-0.0268 (4)	0.1464 (3)	0.0222 (11)
C12	0.18371 (11)	-0.0649 (5)	0.0742 (3)	0.0263 (12)
H12A	0.1759	-0.0021	0.0393	0.032*
C13	0.18481 (12)	-0.1911 (5)	0.0520 (4)	0.0342 (13)
H13A	0.1779	-0.2156	0.0024	0.041*
C14	0.19615 (15)	-0.2814 (6)	0.1031 (5)	0.0346 (18)
H14A	0.1969	-0.3689	0.0885	0.041*
C15	0.20651 (14)	-0.2471 (6)	0.1754 (5)	0.0349 (18)
H15A	0.2142	-0.3107	0.2099	0.042*
C16	0.20554 (11)	-0.1196 (4)	0.1973 (3)	0.0257 (12)
H16A	0.2129	-0.0952	0.2465	0.031*

supplementary materials

C21	0.18731 (10)	0.1237 (4)	0.2762 (3)	0.0204 (10)
C22	0.15626 (12)	0.0737 (5)	0.2961 (3)	0.0270 (12)
H22A	0.1395	0.0618	0.2582	0.032*
C23	0.14915 (12)	0.0407 (5)	0.3707 (4)	0.0318 (14)
H23A	0.1276	0.0077	0.3835	0.038*
C24	0.17309 (13)	0.0556 (5)	0.4255 (3)	0.0317 (13)
H24A	0.1685	0.0310	0.4764	0.038*
C25	0.20399 (12)	0.1068 (5)	0.4063 (3)	0.0306 (13)
H25A	0.2207	0.1182	0.4444	0.037*
C26	0.21088 (12)	0.1414 (5)	0.3332 (3)	0.0259 (12)
H26A	0.2322	0.1780	0.3213	0.031*
C31	0.15530 (10)	0.2115 (4)	0.1440 (3)	0.0191 (12)
C32	0.14963 (12)	0.3414 (5)	0.1543 (3)	0.0240 (12)
H32A	0.1670	0.3930	0.1754	0.029*
C33	0.11927 (12)	0.3978 (5)	0.1344 (4)	0.0305 (13)
H33A	0.1161	0.4873	0.1414	0.037*
C34	0.09364 (12)	0.3237 (6)	0.1046 (3)	0.0323 (14)
H34A	0.0731	0.3622	0.0889	0.039*
C35	0.09823 (12)	0.1943 (6)	0.0978 (3)	0.0304 (13)
H35A	0.0802	0.1423	0.0800	0.037*
C36	0.12872 (12)	0.1382 (5)	0.1165 (3)	0.0246 (14)
H36A	0.1315	0.0484	0.1106	0.029*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Os1	0.01417 (9)	0.01427 (10)	0.01910 (11)	0.00191 (17)	0.000	0.000
Cl1	0.0193 (5)	0.0201 (6)	0.0280 (7)	0.0041 (4)	0.0005 (5)	0.0053 (6)
P1	0.0167 (5)	0.0157 (6)	0.0224 (7)	0.0016 (5)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0006 (6)
C1	0.027 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.027 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.007 (3)	-0.005 (2)
C2	0.022 (2)	0.019 (3)	0.019 (3)	-0.0009 (19)	0.000 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C3	0.023 (2)	0.027 (3)	0.023 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.000 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C4	0.030 (2)	0.026 (3)	0.028 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.003 (3)
C11	0.0164 (19)	0.016 (2)	0.034 (3)	-0.0028 (16)	0.004 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C12	0.024 (2)	0.023 (3)	0.031 (3)	-0.001 (2)	0.001 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C13	0.030 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.002 (3)	-0.014 (3)
C14	0.027 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.060 (5)	0.004 (2)	0.005 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C15	0.022 (3)	0.027 (3)	0.055 (5)	0.008 (2)	0.000 (3)	0.007 (4)
C16	0.021 (2)	0.020 (3)	0.035 (3)	-0.0002 (19)	-0.003 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C21	0.021 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.022 (3)	0.0058 (18)	0.005 (2)	0.005 (2)
C22	0.023 (2)	0.028 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.005 (3)
C23	0.029 (2)	0.031 (3)	0.035 (4)	-0.0005 (18)	0.005 (3)	0.007 (3)
C24	0.043 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.004 (3)	0.005 (3)
C25	0.030 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.023 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.002 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C26	0.025 (2)	0.025 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C31	0.0143 (18)	0.021 (3)	0.022 (4)	0.0026 (15)	0.000 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C32	0.022 (2)	0.022 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.001 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C33	0.028 (2)	0.029 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.007 (3)	-0.004 (3)

C34	0.016 (2)	0.042 (4)	0.039 (4)	0.004 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.002 (3)
C35	0.017 (2)	0.044 (3)	0.030 (3)	-0.006 (2)	-0.001 (2)	-0.010 (3)
C36	0.020 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.032 (4)	-0.003 (2)	0.001 (3)	-0.005 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Os1—C2 ⁱ	2.169 (5)	C14—C15	1.386 (8)
Os1—C2	2.169 (5)	C14—H14A	0.9500
Os1—C1	2.195 (5)	C15—C16	1.387 (7)
Os1—C1 ⁱ	2.195 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9500
Os1—C11 ⁱ	2.4429 (12)	C16—H16A	0.9500
Os1—C11	2.4429 (12)	C21—C22	1.382 (6)
Os1—P1	2.5031 (12)	C21—C26	1.384 (7)
Os1—P1 ⁱ	2.5031 (12)	C22—C23	1.387 (8)
P1—C11	1.836 (4)	C22—H22A	0.9500
P1—C31	1.848 (4)	C23—C24	1.364 (8)
P1—C21	1.858 (5)	C23—H23A	0.9500
C1—C2	1.404 (6)	C24—C25	1.379 (7)
C1—C4 ⁱ	1.519 (7)	C24—H24A	0.9500
C1—H1A	1.0000	C25—C26	1.365 (7)
C2—C3	1.516 (7)	C25—H25A	0.9500
C2—H2A	1.0000	C26—H26A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.538 (7)	C31—C32	1.386 (7)
C3—H3A	0.9900	C31—C36	1.390 (7)
C3—H3B	0.9900	C32—C33	1.385 (7)
C4—C1 ⁱ	1.519 (7)	C32—H32A	0.9500
C4—H4A	0.9900	C33—C34	1.381 (7)
C4—H4B	0.9900	C33—H33A	0.9500
C11—C12	1.392 (7)	C34—C35	1.368 (7)
C11—C16	1.400 (7)	C34—H34A	0.9500
C12—C13	1.375 (7)	C35—C36	1.383 (7)
C12—H12A	0.9500	C35—H35A	0.9500
C13—C14	1.380 (9)	C36—H36A	0.9500
C13—H13A	0.9500		
C2 ⁱ —Os1—C2	94.3 (3)	C3—C4—H4B	109.1
C2 ⁱ —Os1—C1	78.95 (18)	H4A—C4—H4B	107.8
C2—Os1—C1	37.52 (16)	C12—C11—C16	118.9 (4)
C2 ⁱ —Os1—C1 ⁱ	37.52 (16)	C12—C11—P1	121.8 (4)
C2—Os1—C1 ⁱ	78.95 (18)	C16—C11—P1	118.9 (4)
C1—Os1—C1 ⁱ	87.3 (3)	C13—C12—C11	121.7 (5)
C2 ⁱ —Os1—C11 ⁱ	84.95 (14)	C13—C12—H12A	119.2
C2—Os1—C11 ⁱ	158.22 (12)	C11—C12—H12A	119.2
C1—Os1—C11 ⁱ	159.61 (12)	C12—C13—C14	118.6 (6)
C1 ⁱ —Os1—C11 ⁱ	87.54 (13)	C12—C13—H13A	120.7
C2 ⁱ —Os1—C11	158.22 (12)	C14—C13—H13A	120.7
C2—Os1—C11	84.95 (14)	C13—C14—C15	121.4 (6)

supplementary materials

C1—Os1—C11	87.54 (13)	C13—C14—H14A	119.3
C1 ⁱ —Os1—C11	159.61 (12)	C15—C14—H14A	119.3
C11 ⁱ —Os1—C11	103.69 (6)	C14—C15—C16	119.7 (6)
C2 ⁱ —Os1—P1	82.14 (12)	C14—C15—H15A	120.2
C2—Os1—P1	120.55 (12)	C16—C15—H15A	120.2
C1—Os1—P1	84.48 (13)	C15—C16—C11	119.7 (6)
C1 ⁱ —Os1—P1	119.44 (12)	C15—C16—H16A	120.1
C11 ⁱ —Os1—P1	80.97 (4)	C11—C16—H16A	120.1
C11—Os1—P1	79.60 (4)	C22—C21—C26	117.9 (5)
C2 ⁱ —Os1—P1 ⁱ	120.55 (12)	C22—C21—P1	117.2 (4)
C2—Os1—P1 ⁱ	82.14 (12)	C26—C21—P1	124.4 (3)
C1—Os1—P1 ⁱ	119.44 (12)	C21—C22—C23	121.0 (5)
C1 ⁱ —Os1—P1 ⁱ	84.48 (13)	C21—C22—H22A	119.5
C11 ⁱ —Os1—P1 ⁱ	79.60 (4)	C23—C22—H22A	119.5
C11—Os1—P1 ⁱ	80.97 (4)	C24—C23—C22	120.1 (5)
P1—Os1—P1 ⁱ	148.31 (6)	C24—C23—H23A	120.0
C11—P1—C31	104.8 (2)	C22—C23—H23A	120.0
C11—P1—C21	98.0 (2)	C23—C24—C25	119.3 (5)
C31—P1—C21	98.5 (2)	C23—C24—H24A	120.4
C11—P1—Os1	113.95 (14)	C25—C24—H24A	120.4
C31—P1—Os1	119.87 (15)	C26—C25—C24	120.8 (5)
C21—P1—Os1	118.45 (15)	C26—C25—H25A	119.6
C2—C1—C4 ⁱ	120.5 (4)	C24—C25—H25A	119.6
C2—C1—Os1	70.2 (3)	C25—C26—C21	120.9 (4)
C4 ⁱ —C1—Os1	115.2 (3)	C25—C26—H26A	119.5
C2—C1—H1A	114.5	C21—C26—H26A	119.5
C4 ⁱ —C1—H1A	114.5	C32—C31—C36	117.5 (4)
Os1—C1—H1A	114.5	C32—C31—P1	119.0 (4)
C1—C2—C3	121.2 (4)	C36—C31—P1	123.3 (4)
C1—C2—Os1	72.3 (3)	C31—C32—C33	121.6 (5)
C3—C2—Os1	114.3 (3)	C31—C32—H32A	119.2
C1—C2—H2A	114.2	C33—C32—H32A	119.2
C3—C2—H2A	114.2	C34—C33—C32	119.8 (5)
Os1—C2—H2A	114.2	C34—C33—H33A	120.1
C2—C3—C4	112.7 (4)	C32—C33—H33A	120.1
C2—C3—H3A	109.1	C35—C34—C33	119.2 (5)
C4—C3—H3A	109.1	C35—C34—H34A	120.4
C2—C3—H3B	109.1	C33—C34—H34A	120.4
C4—C3—H3B	109.1	C34—C35—C36	120.9 (5)
H3A—C3—H3B	107.8	C34—C35—H35A	119.5
C1 ⁱ —C4—C3	112.7 (4)	C36—C35—H35A	119.5
C1 ⁱ —C4—H4A	109.1	C35—C36—C31	120.8 (5)
C3—C4—H4A	109.1	C35—C36—H36A	119.6
C1 ⁱ —C4—H4B	109.1	C31—C36—H36A	119.6

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, z$.

Fig. 1

